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8	STATE OF CALIFORNIA	
9	NEW MOTOR VEHICLE BOARD	
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11	In the Matter of the Protest of	PROTEST NO. PR-2463-16
12	CALIFORNIA NEW CAR DEALERS ASSOCIATION,	PROTESTANT CALIFORNIA NEW CAR DEALERS ASSOCIATION'S POST-
13	Protestant,	REMAND REPLY BRIEF
14	V.	
15	JAGUAR LAND ROVER NORTH	
16	AMERICA, LLC,	
17	Respondent.	
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ARENT FOX LLP ATTORNEYS AT LAW LOS ANGELES	PROTESTANT'S PC AFDOCS/15054310.1	ST-REMAND REPLY BRIEF

Protestant California New Car Dealers Association ("CNCDA") submits this post-remand reply brief in the above entitled protest wherein Jaguar Land Rover North America ("JLRNA") is respondent.

JLRNA asserts that nothing in subdivision (y)(1) of Section 11713.3 prohibits a manufacturer "from requiring dealers to conduct due diligence in an effort to identify potential vehicle exporters." However, that assertion is overly broad and is not based on an analysis of the law. As demonstrated in Protestant's post-remand opening brief, the law prohibits threats or imposition of adverse action based on exporting, unless and only unless the dealer knew or should reasonably have known of the customer's intent to export. JLRNA's assertion cannot square with this statutory language if "requiring dealers to conduct due diligence" is accomplished by threatening them with adverse action in a way that does not make clear that the adverse action will not be imposed unless the dealer knew or reasonably should have known of the customer's intent to export.

Perhaps some language regarding due diligence could exist in an export policy or elsewhere that steers clear of threatening dealers with adverse action, and/or ensures that any threat of adverse action is conditioned, as the law requires, on the statutory dealer knowledge standard. But JLRNA's policy does neither of these things. Instead, it threatens severe penalties without so much as a mention of the statutory dealer knowledge requirement, electing instead to place all of its focus on JLRNA's self-created "adequate level of due diligence" requirement. As such, the Policy violates subdivision (y)(1).

JLRNA's contention that CNCDA has not met the burden of proof to show that use of the phrase "adequate level of due diligence" amounts to a threatened adverse action raises a strawman issue. The adverse action is not in the use of that phrase, it is in the clear and unmistakable penalties set forth in the Policy that the Policy says will ensue if a dealer fails to conduct an adequate level of due diligence. As shown in the opening brief, since the phrase is the only condition standing between the dealer and adverse action, is that condition (i.e., the due diligence standard) equivalent to the knew or reasonably should have known statutory standard, and the answer is no.

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JLRNA also argues that by adding the language required by Section 11713.3(y)(3), the subdivision (y)(1) problem will be solved because the subdivision (y)(3) language itself will be sufficient. However, subdivision (y)(3) calls for the rebuttable presumption to be stated in the policy, and the rebuttable presumption itself (set forth in subdivision (y)(1)) states that the presumption is that the dealer did not have reason to know of the customer's intent to export. Thus the presumption language in both subdivisions (y)(1) and (y)(3) only makes sense if the policy first conforms to the requirements of the first sentence subdivision (y)(1) by conditioning any threat or imposition of adverse action on the statutory knowledge requirement. The Policy violated subdivision (y)(1) by failing to do this in the first instance and unless this omission is corrected in any a future version of the Policy, simply tacking-on a statement regarding a presumption about dealer knowledge would only make the Policy more confusing.

For the foregoing reasons and those explained in CNCDA's prior briefs in this matter, CNCDA respectfully requests a ruling that it met its burden to establish that the due diligence standard in the Policy violates the prohibitions of subdivision (y)(1) of Section 11713.3.

Dated: June 12, 2017

ARENT FOX LLP

Halbert B. Rasmussen Franjo M. Dolenac Attorneys for Protestant

CALIFORNIA NEW CAR DEALER

ASSOCIATION

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1 In the Matter of the Protest of: California New Car Dealers Association vs. Jaguar Land Rover North America, LLC Protest No. PR-2463-16 2 3 PROOF OF SERVICE 4 I am a citizen of the United States, My business address is Arent Fox LLP, 555 West Fifth 5 Street, 48th Floor, Los Angeles, California 90013-1065. I am employed in the County of Los Angeles, where this service occurs. I am over the age of 18 years, and not a party to the within 6 cause. On the date set forth below, according to ordinary business practice, I served the 7 foregoing document(s) described as: 8 PROTESTANT CALIFORNIA NEW CAR DEALERS ASSOCIATION'S POST-REMAND REPLY BRIEF 9 (BY FAX) I transmitted via facsimile, from facsimile number 213.629.7401, the 10 document(s) to the person(s) on the attached service list at the fax number(s) set forth therein, on this date before 5:00 p.m. A statement that this transmission was reported as 11 complete and properly issued by the sending fax machine without error is attached to this Proof of Service. 12 (BY E-MAIL) On this date, I personally transmitted the foregoing document(s) via 13 X electronic mail to the e-mail address(es) of the person(s) on the attached service list. 14 (BY MAIL) I am readily familiar with my employer's business practice for collection X and processing of correspondence for mailing with the U.S. Postal Service, and that 15 practice is that correspondence is deposited with the U.S. Postal Service the same day as the day of collection in the ordinary course of business. On this date, I placed the 16 document(s) in envelopes addressed to the person(s) on the attached service list and sealed and placed the envelopes for collection and mailing following ordinary business 17 practices. 18 (BY OVERNIGHT DELIVERY) On this date, I placed the documents in envelope(s) 19 addressed to the person(s) on the attached service list (New Motor Vehicle Board Only), and caused that envelope to be delivered to an overnight delivery carrier, Federal Express, with delivery fees provided for, for next-business-day delivery to whom it is to 20 be served. 21 22 (State) I declare under penalty of perjury under the laws of the State of California X that the foregoing is true and correct. 23 Executed on June 12, 2017 at Los Angeles, California. 24 25 Sman 26 27 28 - 4 -

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2	California New Car Dealers Association vs. Jaguar Land Rover North America, LLC <u>Protest No. PR-2463-16</u>
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7	Sacramento, California 95814 Telephone: (916) 445-1888
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